## ANNOTATING THE TEXT

ANNOTATION MARK	TEXT COMPONENT
CIRCLE	<ul><li>Key terms</li><li>Unfamiliar words</li></ul>
UNDERLINE	<ul><li>Author's claims (argument)</li><li>Main ideas</li></ul>
HIGHLIGHT	<ul><li>Evidence to support the author's claims</li><li>Details to support main ideas</li></ul>
SQUIGGLY LINE	• Author's bias  Hint: look for words/phrases that state an opinion that can't be supported with evidence. Ex. Good, bad, best, worst, should, etc.

## READING LIKE A HISTORIAN

READING SKILL	QUESTIONS
Sourcing Figuring out where the document came from BEFORE you read it	<ul> <li>What is the author's point of view?</li> <li>Why was it written?</li> <li>When was it written?</li> <li>Is the source believable? Why/why not?</li> </ul>
Putting Into Context Figuring out how the time period could influence the source	<ul> <li>What else was going on at the time this was written?</li> <li>What was it like to be alive at this time?</li> <li>What things were different back then?</li> <li>What things were the same?</li> </ul>
Analyzing Figuring out the argument & evidence	<ul> <li>What claims does the author make?</li> <li>What evidence does the author use to support those claims?</li> <li>What words or phrases does the author use to convince me that he/she is right?</li> <li>What information does the author leave out?</li> </ul>
Corroborating Figuring out the document's believability by comparing to what other documents say	<ul> <li>What do other pieces of evidence say?</li> <li>Am I finding different versions of the story? Why/why not?</li> <li>What pieces of evidence are most believable?</li> </ul>

Courtesy of Stanford's "Reading Like a Historian"